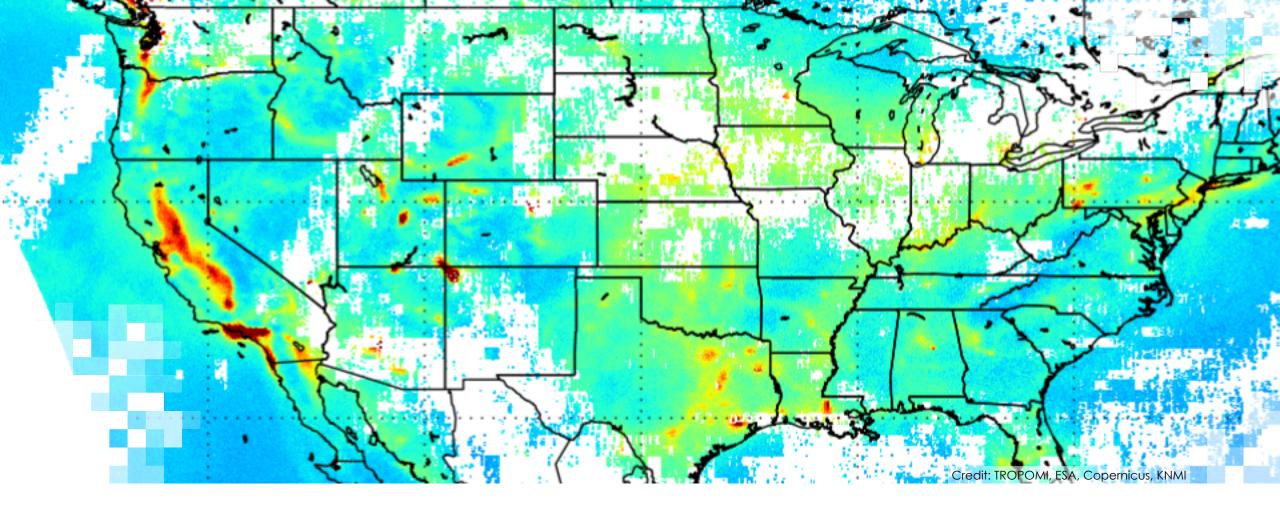




Read, Map, and Extract MODIS Aerosol Data Using Python Scripts

Pawan Gupta, and Melanie Follette-Cook

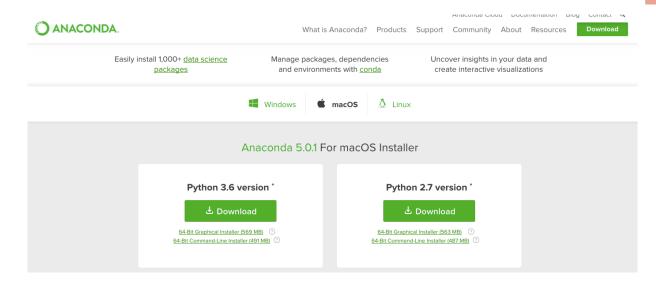
Application of Satellite Observations for Air Quality and Health Exposure, October 9-11, 2019



Computer and Python Requirements

Computer Requirements

- Install Python 3.7 using Anaconda
- Install all required python packages
 - Package List (right)
- Test Python and package installations using the following Python test code
 - test_python.py
- Download MODIS Data and Python Codes using the following link
 - ARSET LINK ZIP FILE
- For more detail on the code, visit:
 https://arset.gsfc.nasa.gov/airquality/p
 ython-scripts-aerosol-data-sets-merra-modis-and-omi



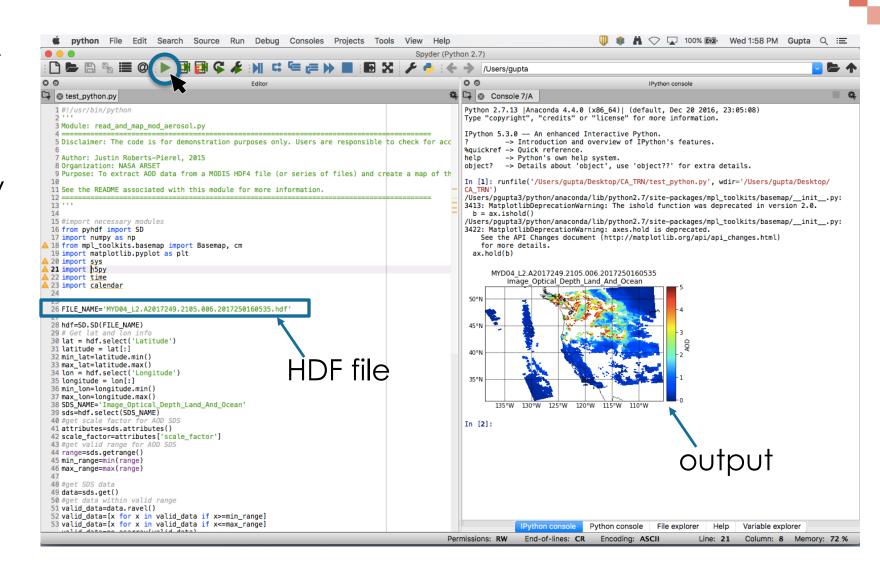
- Python package list:
 - pyhdf
 - numpy
 - sys
 - mpl_toolkits.basemap

- matplotlib
- linearSegmentedColormap
- h5py
- time
- calendar

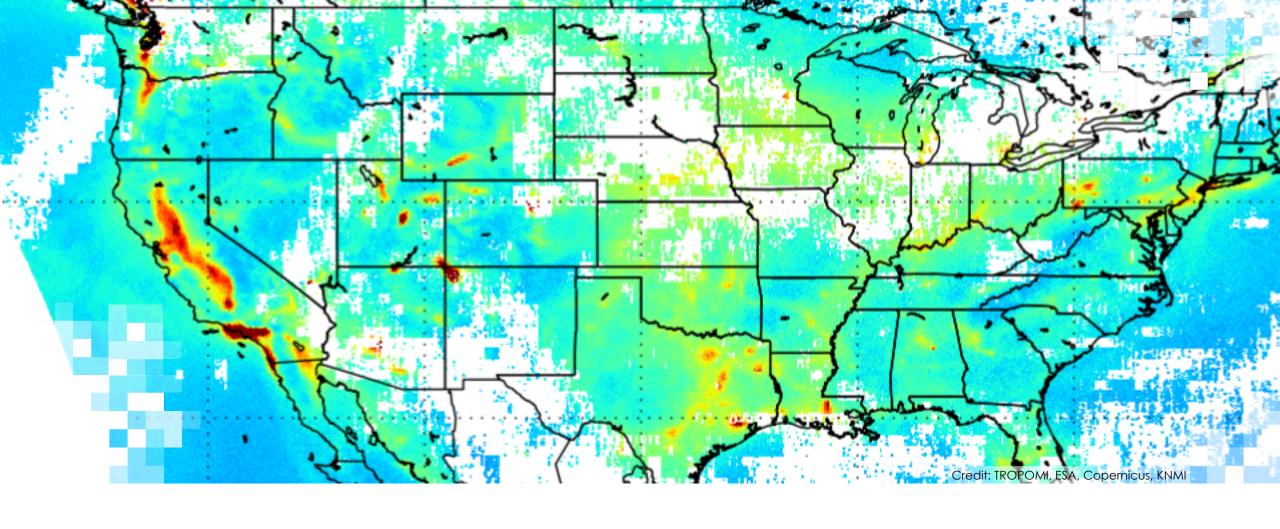


Python Test

- Open the spyder editor inside Anaconda
- Open test_python.py
- Make sure the directory has the Python code and HDF file
- Open the ipython console in the spyder
- Run the code using the green arrow on the top
- Output should be an image as shown

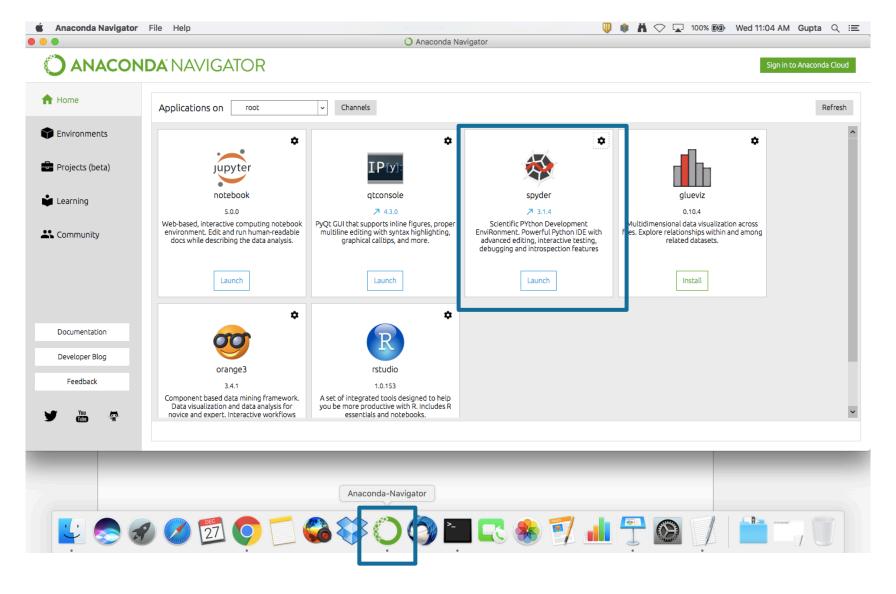




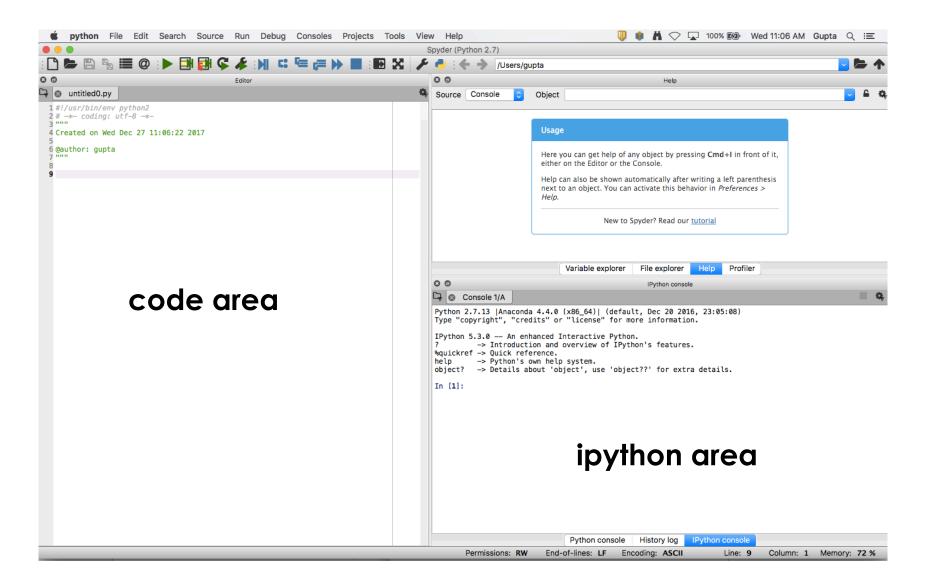


Getting Ready with Python

Anaconda & the Spyder Editor



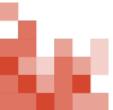
Spyder View

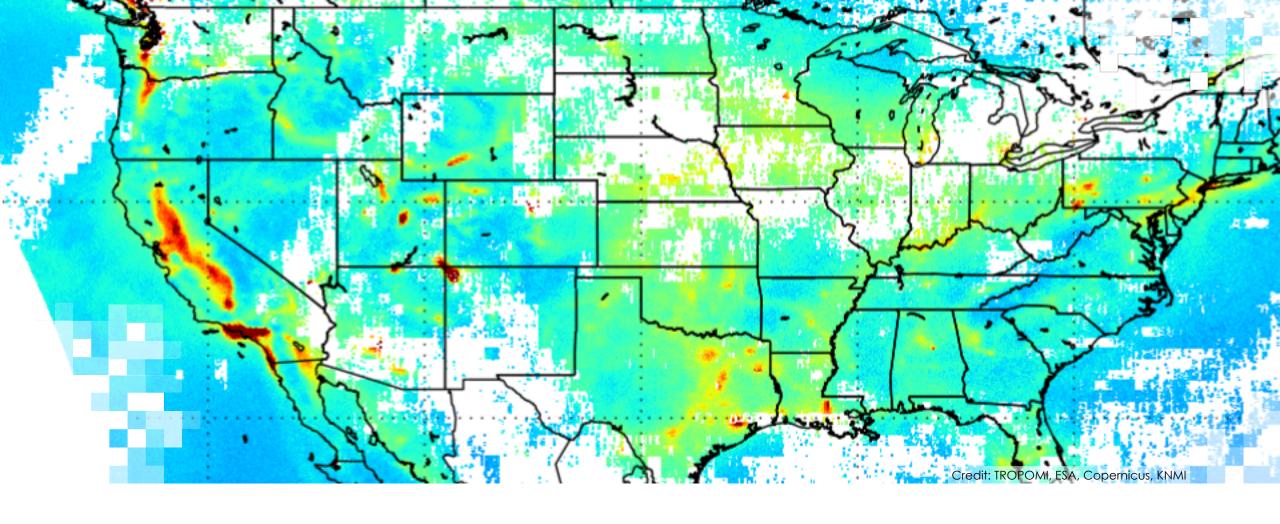


Current Directory View & File List

- Create a list of HDF files 'fileList.txt'
- The directory should have
 - All the python codes
 - All the HDF data files
 - A list of HDF files named as 'fileList.txt'

```
qs614-quptaml:CA_TRN qupta$ vi fileList.txt
qs614-quptaml:CA_TRN gupta$ ls
MYD04_3K.A2017232.2200.006.2017233154505.png
MYD04 3K.A2017232.2200.006.2017233154505.txt
MYD04 L2.A2017232.1520.006.2017233154749.png
MYD04_L2.A2017232.2200.006.2017233154546.png
MYD04 L2.A2017249.1925.006.2017250160408.hdf
MYD04_L2.A2017249.1925.006.2017250160408.txt
MYD04 L2.A2017249.1930.006.2017250160703.hdf
MYD04_L2.A2017249.2105.006.2017250160535.hdf
fileList.txt
py1
read_and_map_mod_aerosol.py
read_aod_and_calculate_pm25.py
read_mod_aerosol_and_dump_ascii.py
read_mod_aerosol_and_list_sds.py
read mod aerosol at a location.py
readme
gs614-guptaml:CA_TRN gupta$ ls *.hdf
MYD04_L2.A2017249.1925.006.2017250160408.hdf
MYD04_L2.A2017249.1930.006.2017250160703.hdf
MYD04 L2.A2017249.2105.006.2017250160535.hdf
gs614-guptaml:CA_TRN gupta$ ls *.hdf >fileList.txt
gs614-guptaml:CA_TRN gupta$ more fileList.txt
MYD04_L2.A2017249.1925.006.2017250160408.hdf
MYD04_L2.A2017249.1930.006.2017250160703.hdf
MYD04 L2.A2017249.2105.006.2017250160535.hdf
gs614-guptaml:CA_TRN gupta$
```



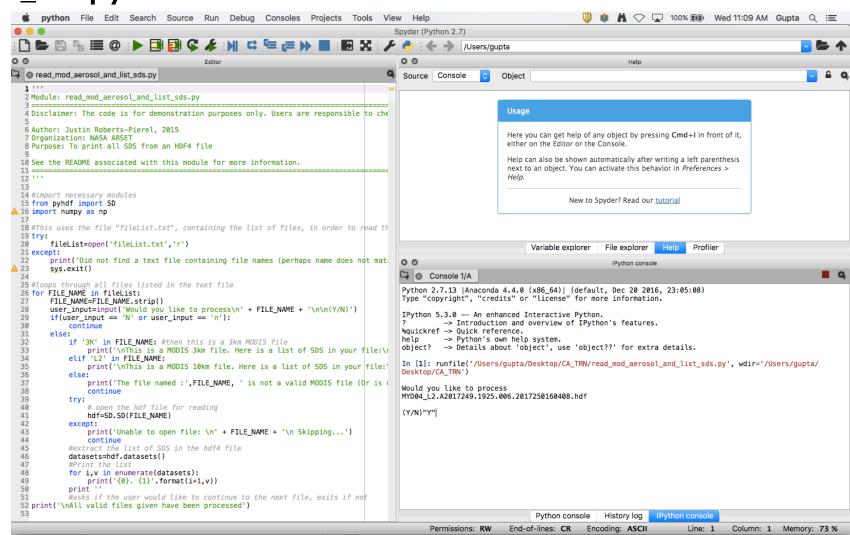


Read a MODIS Aerosol File (HDF) and Print SDS List

Print Scientific Data Sets (SDSs)

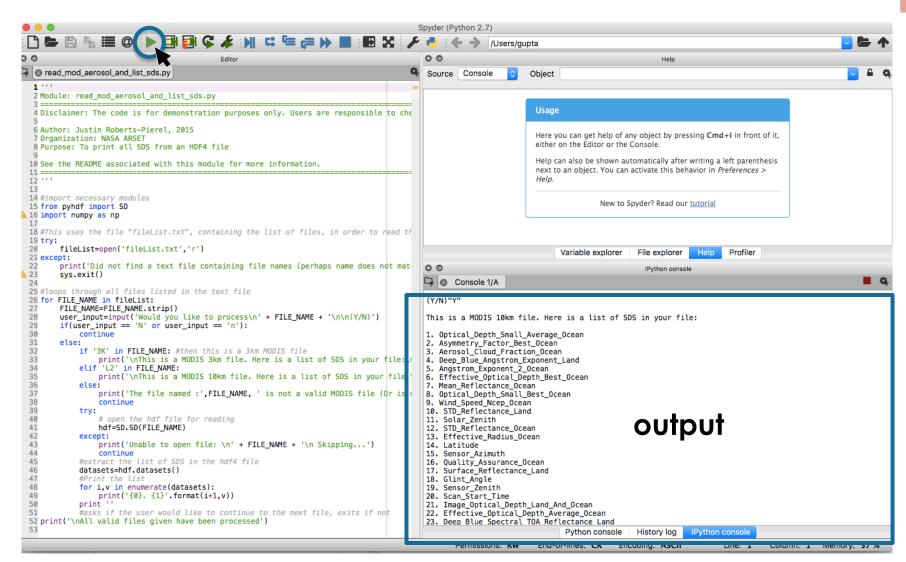
read_mod_aerosol_and_list_sds.py

- Purpose: read a
 MODIS aerosol level 2
 data file in HDF format
 and print all the
 Scientific Data Sets
 (SDS)
- The code works for both 10 km and 3 km products



Running and Output

- Click the green arrow to run the code
- The code will process all the files in the fileList.txt oneby-one
- Follow the instructions in the ipython terminal (i.e. enter 'Y' or 'N' when prompted and hit enter)



Editing the Code

```
module: read_mod_aerosol_and_list_sds.py
Disclaimer: The code is for demonstration purposes only. Users are responsible to check for accuracy and revise to fit their objects
Author: Justin Roberts-Pierel, 2015
Organization: NASA ARSET
Purpose: To print all SDS from an HDF4 file
See the README associated with this module for more information.
#import necessary modules
from pyhdf import SD
import numpy as np
#This uses the file "fileList.txt", containing
                                                              les, in order to read the files
    fileList=open('fileList.txt,'r')
except:
    print('Did not find a text file containing file names (perhaps name does not match)')
    sys.exit()
#loops through all files listed in the text file
for FILE NAME in fileList:
    FILE_NAME=FILE_NAME.strip()
    user_input('Would you like to process\n' + FILE NAME + '\n\n(Y/N)')
    if(user_input == 'N' or user_input == 'n'):
         continue
    else:
         if '3K' in FILE_NAME: #then this is a 3km MODIS file
             print('\nThis is a MODIS 3km file. Here is a list of SDS in your file:\n')
         elif 'L2' in FILE_NAME:
             print('\nThis is a MODIS 10km file. Here is a list of SDS in your file:\n')
        else:
             print('The file named :',FILE_NAME, ' is not a valid MODIS file (Or is named incorrectly). \n')
             continue
        try:
             # open the hdf file for reading
             hdf=SD.SD(FILE NAME)
         except:
             print('Unable to open file: \n' + FILE_NAME + '\n Skipping...')
         #extract the list of SDS in the hdf4 file
         datasets=hdf.datasets()
         #Print the list
         for i,v in enumerate(datasets):
             print('{0}. {1}'.format(i+1,v))
         #asks if the user would like to continue to the next file, exits if not
print('\nAll valid files given have been processed')
```

change the name of fileList.txt to any name you'd like

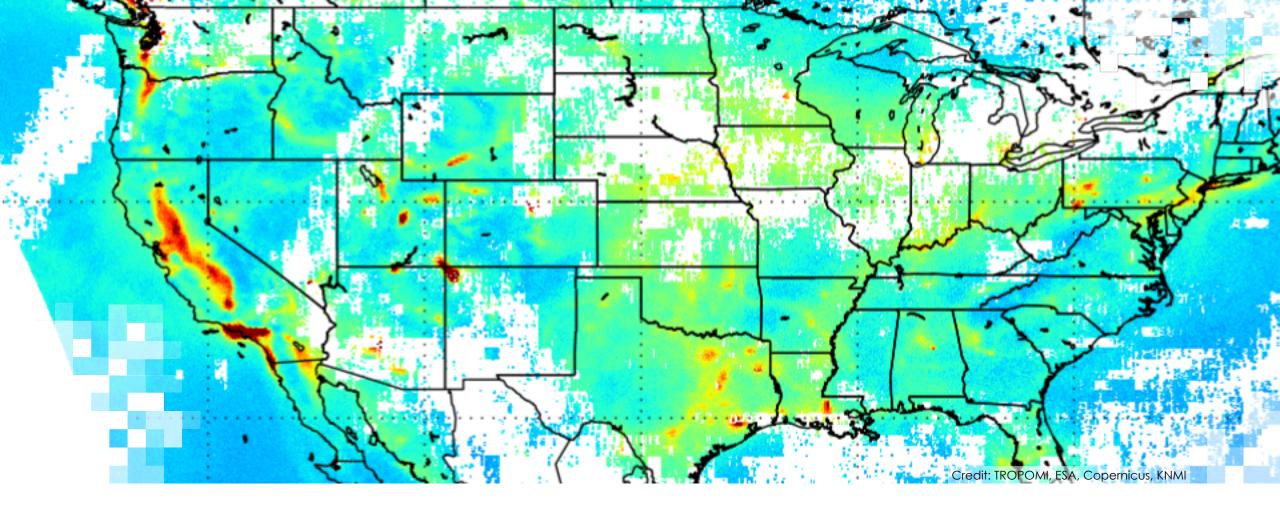
> This code has been tested for 3 km and 10 km MODIS aerosol Level 2 data files

Applications

m

- MODIS Level 2 aerosol data are provided in HDF files
- Each HDF file contains several geophysical parameters
- Special codes and tools are required to open HDF files
- This code helps users see the name of the available SDSs inside an HDF file for further analysis

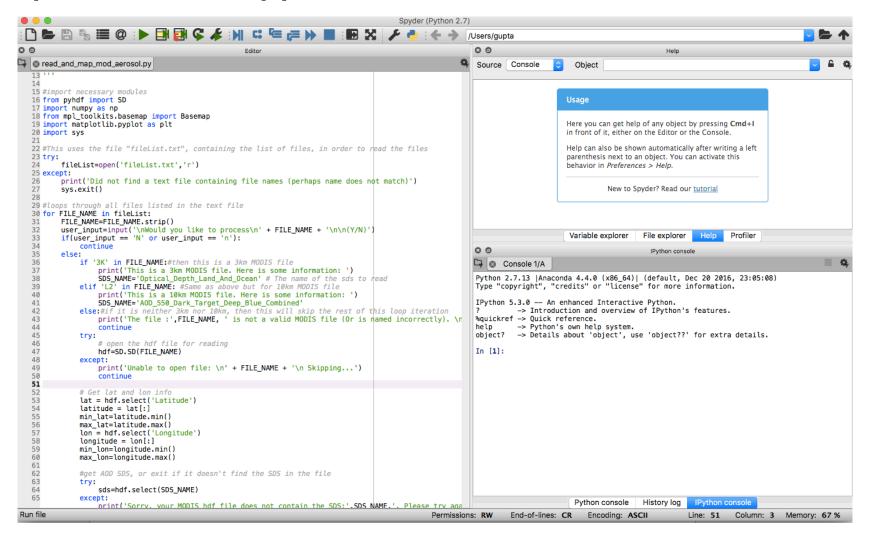




Map Aerosol Optical Depth

Plot and save a map of MODIS AOD

read_and_map_mod_aerosol.py



Running and Output

AOD statistics

In [1]: runfile('/Users/gupta/Desktop/CA_TRN/read_and_map_mod_aerosol.py', wdir='/Users/gupta/Desktop/ CA_TRN')

Would you like to process MYD04 L2.A2017249.1925.006.2017250160408.hdf

```
(Y/N)"Y"
This is a 10km MODIS file. Here is some information:
('\nThe valid range of values is: ', -0.1, ' to ', 5.0, '\nThe average is: ', 0.178, '\nThe standard
deviation is: ', 0.23)
('The range of latitude in this file is: ', 27.187273, ' to ', 48.299458, 'degrees \nThe range of
longitude in this file is: ', -111.39777, ' to ', -80.255447, ' degrees')
```

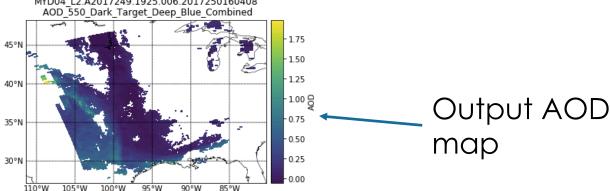
Would you like to create a map of this data? Please enter Y or N

/Users/pgupta3/python/anaconda/lib/python2.7/site-packages/mpl_toolkits/basemap/__init__.py:3413: MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: The ishold function was deprecated in version 2.0. b = ax.ishold()

/Users/pgupta3/python/anaconda/lib/python2.7/site-packages/mpl_toolkits/basemap/__init__.py:3422: MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: axes.hold is deprecated.

See the API Changes document (http://matplotlib.org/api/api_changes.html) for more details. ax.hold(b)

MYD04 L2.A2017249.1925.006.2017250160408



Would you like to save this map? Please enter Y or N



Editing the Code

Change the Color Scale

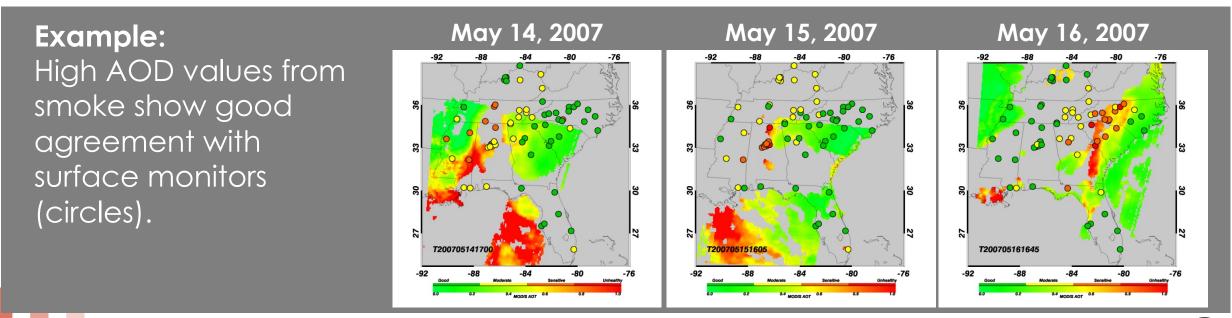
Change the SDS

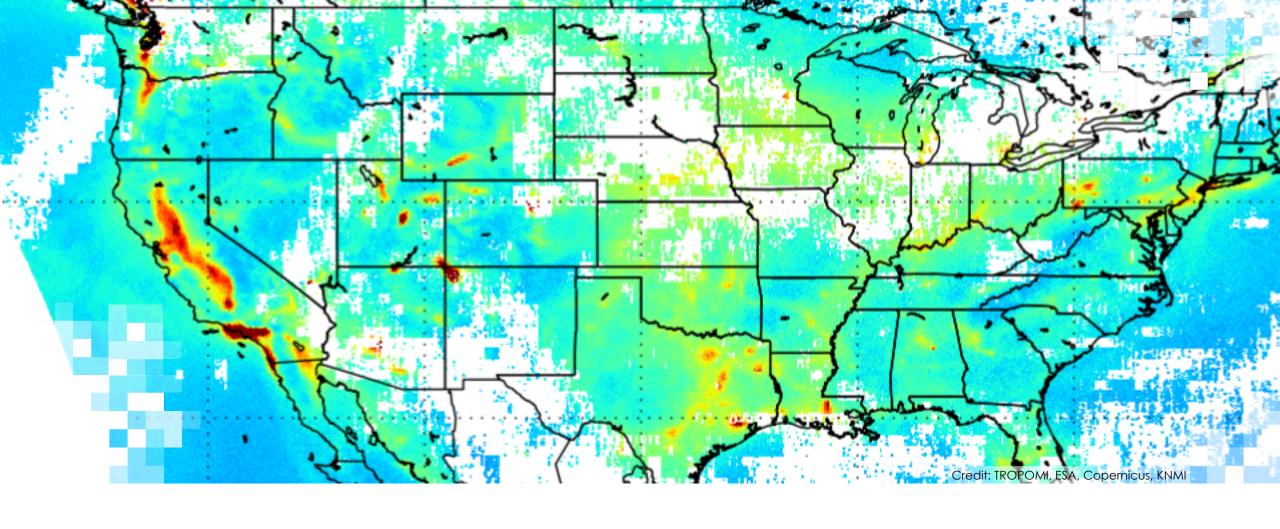
```
data=data.astype(Tloat)
data[data == fv] = np.nan
#create the map
data = np.ma.masked_array(data, np.isnan(data))
m = Basemap(projection='cyl', resolution='l', llcrnrlat=min_lat, urcrnrlat = max_lat, llcrnrlon=min_lon,
m.drawcoastlines(linewidth=0.5)
m.drawparallels(np.arange(-90., 120., 5.), labels=[1, 0, 0, 0])
m.drawmeridians(np.arange(-180., 181., 5.), labels=[0, 0, 0, 1])
x, y = m(longitude, latitude)
m.pcolormesh(x, y, data*scale_factor, cmap=plt.cm.jet)
plt.autoscale()
#create colorbar
cb = m.colorbar()
#label colorboar
cb.set_label('AOD')
                                                            (png, pdf)
                                                                              Miscellaneous colormaps
                                                               gist_earth
                                                               gist stern
 https://matplotlib.org/examples
                                                                gnuplot
 /color/colormaps reference.ht
                                                                gnuplot2
                                                                CMRman
 ml
                                                                ubehelix
```

```
#loops through all files listed in the text file
for FILE NAME in fileList:
    FILE_NAME=FILE_NAME.strip()
    user_input('\nWould you like to process\n' + FILE NAME + '\n\n(Y/N)')
    if(user_input == 'N' or user_input == 'n'):
        continue
    else:
        if '3K' in FILE NAME: #then this is a 3km MODIS file
             print('This is a 3km MODIS file. Here is some information: ')
             SDS_NAME='Optical_Depth_Land_And_Ocean' # The name of the sds to read
        elif 'L2' in FILE_NAME: #Same as above but for 10km MODIS file
             print('This is a 10km MODIS file. Here is some information: ')
             SDS_NAME='AOD_550_Dark_Target_Deep_Blue_Combined'
        else:#if it is neither 3km nor 10km, then this will skip the rest of this loop iteration
             print('The file :',FILE_NAME, ' is not a valid MODIS file (Or is named incorrectly). \n')
             continue
        try:
             # open the hdf file for reading
             hdf=SD.SD(FILE_NAME)
             print('Unable to open file: \n' + FILE_NAME + '\n Skipping...')
             continue
```

Applications

- This is a sample code to read and map the MODIS Level 2 aerosol data
- The code can be modified to address different mapping needs
- Users can create daily maps of AOD over certain regions and start analyzing changes over time
- AOD maps can also help identify regions with high pollution levels



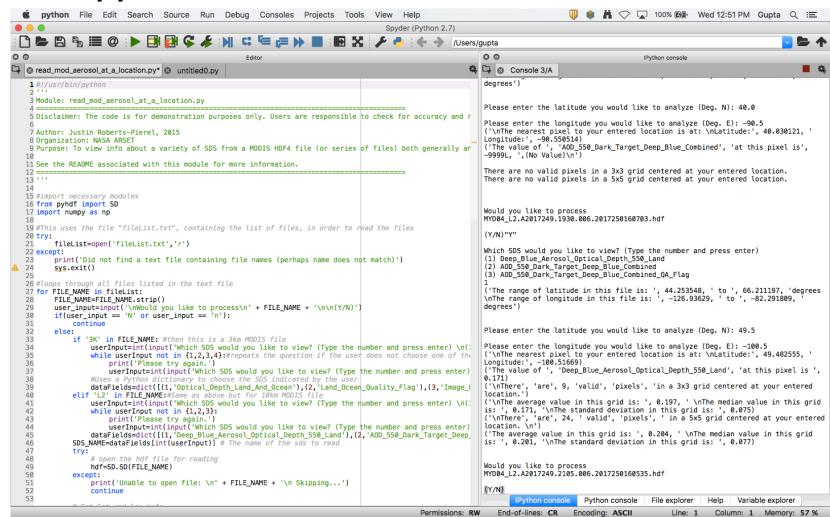


Extract AOD at a Surface Station

Extract AOD Values at a given location

read_mod_aerosol_at_a_location.py

- Purpose: read a MODIS aerosol level 2 data file in HDF format and extract AOD values at a given ground location
- The code works for both 10 km and 3 km products



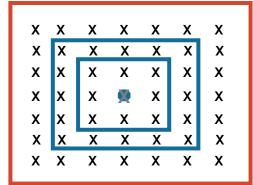
Running and Output

Type "Y" to process file, "N" to skip

Select SDS

Lat & Lon of station

Outputs



```
Would you like to process
MYD04_L2.A2017249.1930.006.2017250160703.hdf
(Y/N)"Y"
Which SDS would you like to view? (Type the number and press enter)

    Deep_Blue_Aerosol_Optical_Depth_550_Land

(2) AOD 550 Dark Target Deep Blue Combined
(3) AOD 550 Dark Target Deep Blue Combined QA Flag
('The range of latitude in this file is: ', 44.253548, ' to ', 66.211197, 'degrees
\nThe range of longitude in this file is: ', -126.93629, ' to ', -82.291809,
degrees')
Please enter the latitude you would like to analyze (Deg. N): 49.5
Please enter the longitude you would like to analyze (Deg. E): -100.5
('\nThe nearest pixel to your entered location is at: \nLatitude:', 49.482555,
Longitude: ', -100.51669)
('The value of ', 'Deep Blue Aerosol Optical Depth 550 Land', 'at this pixel is ',
0.171)
('\nThere', 'are', 9, 'valid', 'pixels', 'in a 3x3 grid centered at your entered
location.')
('\nThe average value in this grid is: ', 0.197, '\nThe median value in this grid
is: ', 0.171, '\nThe standard deviation in this grid is: ', 0.075)
('\nThere', 'are', 24, ' valid', 'pixels', ' in a 5x5 grid centered at your entered
location. \n')
('The average value in this grid is: ', 0.204, ' \nThe median value in this grid
is: ', 0.201, '\nThe standard deviation in this grid is: ', 0.077)
Would you like to process
MYD04_L2.A2017249.2105.006.2017250160535.hdf
(Y/N)
```

Editing the Code – Change the SDS

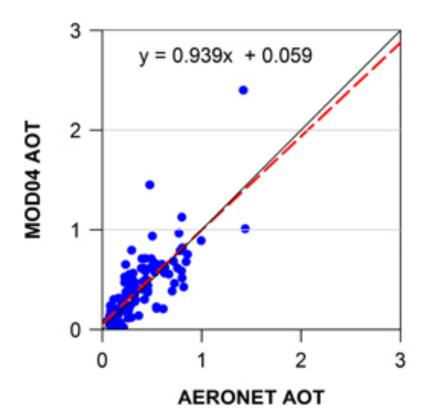
```
s through all files listed in the text file
ILE_NAME in fileList:
"ILE NAME=FILE NAME.strip()
iser_input=input('\nWould you like to process\n' + FILE_NAME + '\n\n(Y/N)')
if(user_input == 'N' or user_input == 'n'):
         continue
else:
         if '3K' in FILE NAME: #then this is a 3km MODIS file
                  userInput=int(input('Which SDS would you like to view? (Type the number and press enter) \n(1) Optical Depth Land And Ocean \n(2)
                   while userInput not in {1,2,3,4}:#repeats the question if the user does not choose one of the options
                             print('Please try again.')
                             userInput=int(input('Which SDS would you like to view? (Type the number and press enter) \n(1) Optical Depth Land And Ocean
                   #Uses a Python dictionary to choose the SDS indicated by the user
                   dataFields=dict([(1,'Optical_Depth_Land_And_Ocean'),(2,'Land_Ocean_Quality_Flag'),(3,'Image_Optical_Depth_Land_And_Ocean'),(4,'Land_Ocean')
         elif 'L2' in FILE_NAME: #Same as above but for 10km MODIS file
                   userInput=int(input('Which SDS would you like to view? (Type the number and press enter) \n(1) Deep_Blue_Aerosol_Optical_Depth_5!
                  while userInput not in {1,2,3}:
                             print('Please try again.')
                            userInput=int(input('Which SDS would you like to view? (Type the number and press enter) \n(1) Deep_Blue_Aerosol_Optical_Dep
                  dataFields=dict([(1, 'Deep_Blue_Aerosol_Optical_Depth_550_Land'),(2, 'AOD_550_Dark_Target_Deep_Blue_Combined'),(3, 'AOD_550_Dark_Target_Deep_Blue_Combined'),(3,
         SDS NAME=dataFields[int(userInput)] # The name of the sds to read
         try:
                   # open the hdf file for reading
                  hdf=SD.SD(FILE_NAME)
         except:
                   print('Unable to open file: \n' + FILE_NAME + '\n Skipping...')
                   continue
```

Editing the Code – Change the AOD Calculations

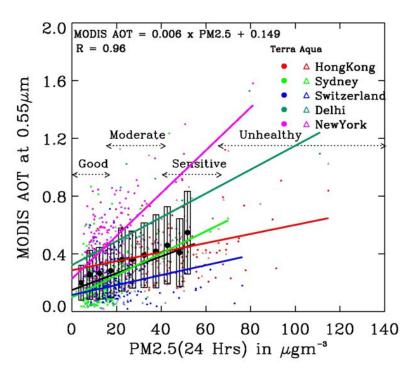
```
#calculates mean, median, stdev in a 3x3 grid around nearest point to entered location
if x < 1:
             x+=1
if x > data.shape[0]-2:
              x-=2
if y < 1:
             y+=1
if y > data.shape[1]-2:
             y-=2
three by three=data[x-1:x+2,y-1:y+2]
three_by_three=three_by_three.astype(float)
three_by_three[three_by_three==float(fillvalue)]=np.nan
nnan=np.count nonzero(~np.isnan(three by three))
if nnan == 0:
              print ('\nThere are no valid pixels in a 3x3 grid centered at your entered location.')
else:
              three_by_three=three_by_three*scale_factor
              three by three average=np.nanmean(three by three)
              three_by_three_std=np.nanstd(three_by_three)
              three by three median=np.nanmedian(three by three)
              if nnan == 1:
                           npixels='is'
                           mpixels='pixel'
              else:
                           npixels='are'
                           mpixels='pixels'
              print('\nThere',npixels,nnan,'valid',mpixels,'in a 3x3 grid centered at your entered location.')
              print('\nThe average value in this grid is: ',round(three_by_three_average,3),' \nThe median value in
```

Applications

Satellite AOD Validation



AOD-PM_{2.5} Relationship



Time Series Analysis

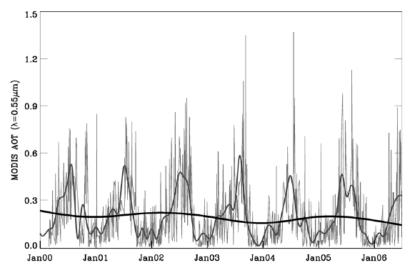
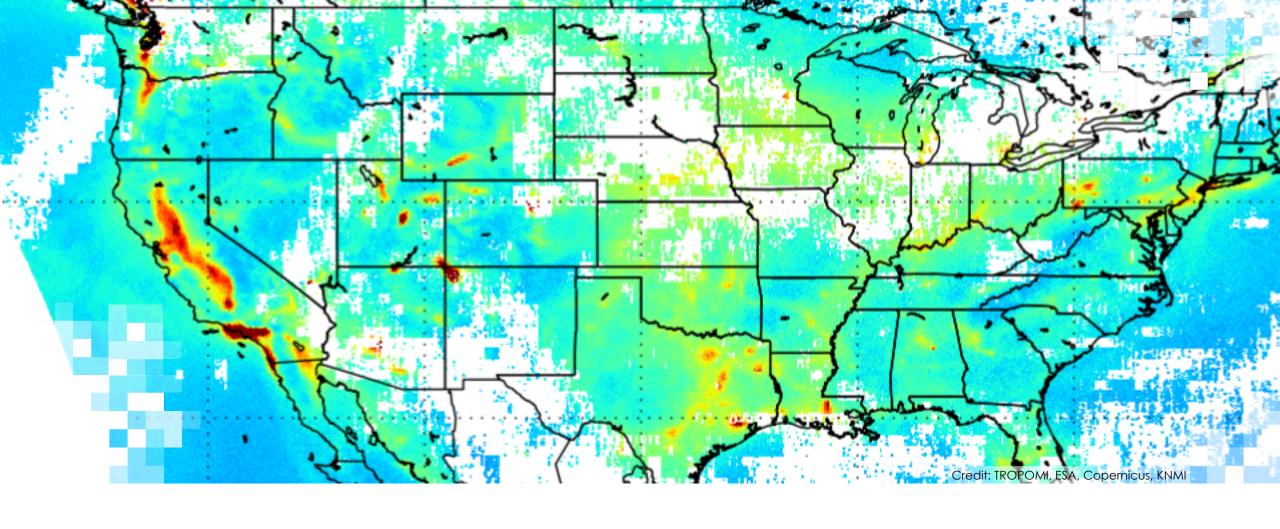


Image Sources: Gupta et al., Gupta et al., 2006, Gupta et al., 2007



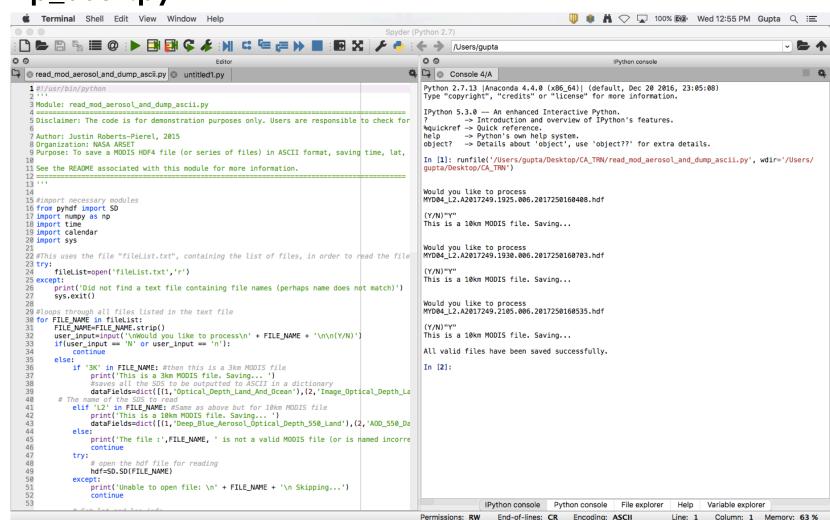


Output HDF Variables to CSV

Output MODIS Aerosol Level 2 HDF variables to a CSV file

read_mod_aerosol_and_dump_ascii.py

- Purpose: read a MODIS aerosol level 2 data file in HDF format and write certain SDSs into a csv (text) file
- The code works for both 10 km and 3 km products



```
MYD04_L2.A2017249.1925.006.2017250160408.txt ~
Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, Second, Latitude, Longitude, Deep Blue Aerosol Optical Depth 550 Land, AOD 550 Dark Target Deep Blue Combined, AOD 550 Dark Target Deep Blue Combined OA Flag
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.4542312622,-80.2554473877,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.4285984039,-80.7235641479,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.4032402039,-81.1592407227,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.3782196045,-81.5666427612,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.3535690308,-81.9493026733,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.329334259,-82.3096008301,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.3055496216,-82.6497421265,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.2822036743,-82.9720306396,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.2592868805,-83.2782287598,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.2367897034,-83.5699691772,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.2147369385,-83.8481216431,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.1930789948,-84.1143035889,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.1718177795,-84.3694152832,0.322000015294,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.1509361267,-84.6143875122,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.1304397583,-84.8497695923,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.1103076935,-85.0764007568,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.0905189514,-85.2949752808,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.0710792542,-85.5059127808,0.496000023559,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.0519447327,-85.7100372314,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.0331192017,-85.9076538086,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,30.0145874023,-86.0991973877,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.9963378906,-86.2850646973,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.9783554077,-86.4656219482,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.9606361389,-86.6411895752,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.9431610107,-86.8120880127,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.9259204865,-86.9785919189,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.9089050293,-87.1409683228,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.8921031952,-87.2994613647,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.87550354,-87.4542999268,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.8590984344,-87.6056747437,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.8428764343,-87.7537918091,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.8268318176,-87.8988342285,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.8109512329,-88.040977478,-9999.0,0.483000022941,1.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.7952270508,-88.1803741455,-9999.0,0.537000025506,3.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.7796516418,-88.3171691895,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.7642173767,-88.4515228271,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.7489128113,-88.5835418701,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.7337341309,-88.7133789062,-9999.0,0.523000024841,1.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.7186717987,-88.8411331177,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.7037162781,-88.9669265747,-9999.0,0.400000018999,1.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.688867569,-89.0908660889,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.6741104126,-89.2130584717,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.6594429016,-89.3335876465,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.6448535919,-89.452545166,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.6303424835,-89.5700378418,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.6158943176,-89.6861343384,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.6015090942,-89.8009262085,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.587179184,-89.9144897461,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.5728931427,-90.0269012451,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.5586509705,-90.1382369995,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.5444412231,-90.248550415,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.5302619934,-90.3579177856,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.5161094666,-90.4663772583,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.5019721985,-90.5740280151,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.4878482819,-90.6808853149,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.4737319946,-90.7870483398,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017.0,9.0,6.0,19.0,25.0,9.0,29.4596118927,-90.8925476074,-9999.0,-9999.0,0.0
2017. a q. a 6. a 1q. a 25. a q. a 2q. 4454841614 -qa. qq745q4116 -qqqq. a -qqqq. a a. a
```

This code saves a .csv file, which can be opened by excel, a text editor, or other codes or software

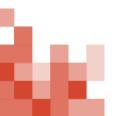
Editing the Code

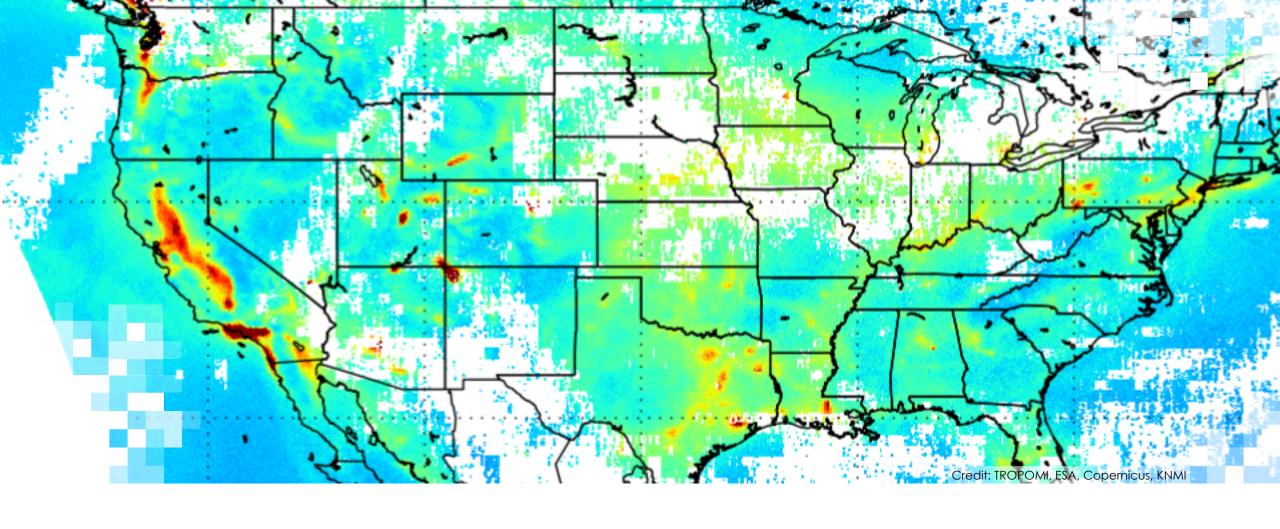
Change the list SDS to be written as an output

```
22 #This uses the file "fileList.txt", containing the list of files, in order to read the file
23 try:
       fileList=open('fileList.txt','r')
25 except:
       print('Did not find a text file containing file names (perhaps name does not match)')
26
       sys.exit()
28
29 #loops through all files listed in the text file
30 for FILE NAME in fileList:
       FILE_NAME=FILE_NAME.strip()
       user_input=input('\nWould you like to process\n' + FILE_NAME + '\n\n(Y/N)')
33
       if(user_input == 'N' or user_input == 'n'):
           continue
       else:
           if '3K' in FILE_NAME: #then this is a 3km MODIS file
                print('This is a 3km MODIS file. Saving...')
38
                #saves all the SDS to be outputted to ASCII in a dictionary
39
                dataFields=dict([(1,'Optical Depth Land And Ocean'),(2,'Image Optical Depth La
40
      # The name of the SDS to read
41
           elif 'L2' in FILE NAME: #Same as above but for 10km MODIS file
                print('This is a 10km MODIS file. Saving...')
                dataFields=dict([(1, 'Deep_Blue_Aerosol_Optical_Depth_550_Land'),(2, 'AOD_550_Da
           else:
                print('The file:',FILE NAME, ' is not a valid MODIS file (or is named incorre
                continue
           try:
                # open the hdf file for reading
                hdf=SD.SD(FILE_NAME)
50
           except:
51
                print('Unable to open file: \n' + FILE NAME + '\n Skipping...')
52
                continue
53
```

Applications

- m
- This is a sample code to read and extract the MODIS Level 2 aerosol data
- The code can be modified to extract multiple SDSs into a single .csv file
- The code can be easily modified to extract data over a certain region
- The output file can be opened in excel, or any other data analysis tool





Create Air Quality Maps

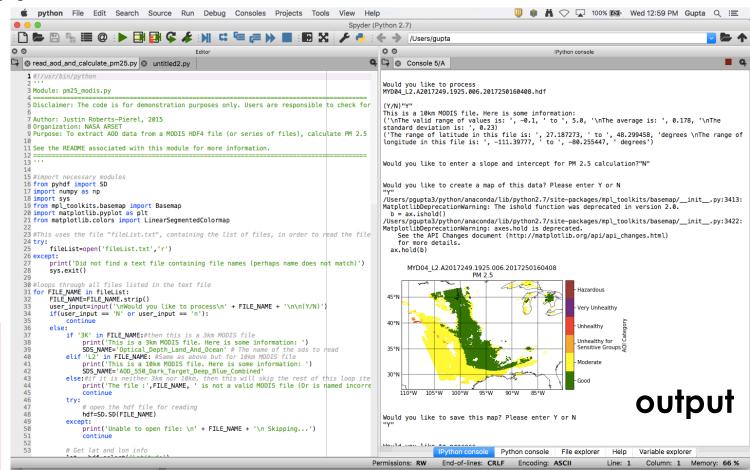
Create an Air Quality Map

read_aod_and_calculate_pm25.py

- Purpose: read a MODIS aerosol level 2 data file in HDF format and create a PM_{2.5} air quality category map using the relationship between AOD and PM_{2.5}
- The code works for both 10 km and 3 km products

Disclaimer: This is just a sample code. The default AOD- $PM_{2.5}$ relationship used here is the assumed relationship over the USA.

The users of this code are responsible for checking the validity of this relationship and encouraged to use local relationships for visualizing AQ in different parts of the world.



Editing the Code – Change the SDS

4

The user can change the AOD SDS to be used in PM_{2.5} calculation

```
30 #loops through all files listed in the text file
31 for FILE_NAME in fileList:
      FILE_NAME=FILE_NAME.strip()
      user_input=input('\nWould you like to process\n' + FILE_NAME + '\n\n(Y/N)')
      if(user input == 'N' or user input == 'n'):
           continue
      else:
           if '3K' in FILE NAME: #then this is a 3km MODIS file
                print('This is a 3km MODIS file. Here is some information: ')
                SDS_NAME='Optical_Depth_Land_And_Ocean' # The name of the sds to read
           elif 'L2' in FILE NAME: #Same as above but for 10km MODIS file
                print('This is a 10km MODIS file. Here is some information: ')
                SDS NAME='AOD 550 Dark Target Deep Blue Combined'
           else:#if it is neither 3km nor 10km, then this will skip the rest of this loop iteration
                print('The file:',FILE_NAME, ' is not a valid MODIS file (Or is named incorrectly). \n')
45
                continue
46
           try:
                # open the hdf file for reading
                hdf=SD.SD(FILE_NAME)
49
           except:
50
                print('Unable to open file: \n' + FILE NAME + '\n Skipping...')
51
                continue
```

Editing the Code: Change the AOD-PM_{2.5} Relationship and AQI

The code uses $PM_{2.5}$ = Slope * AOD + Intercept as the linear regression equation to calculate $PM_{2.5}$ from AOD

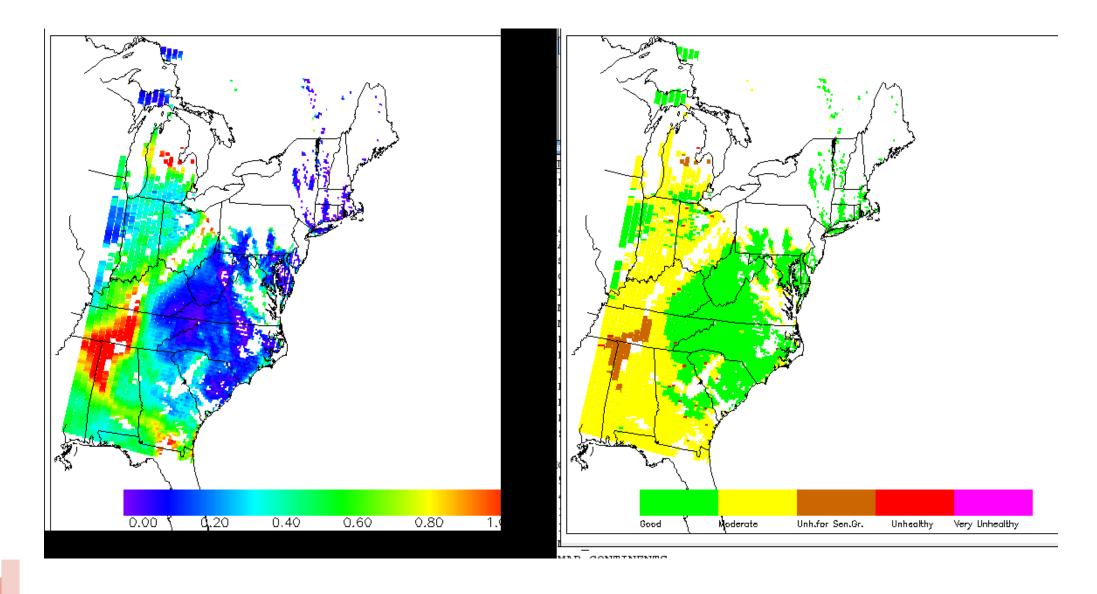
The code uses the U.S. EPA definition of air quality categories based on $PM_{2.5}$

AQI Calculator:

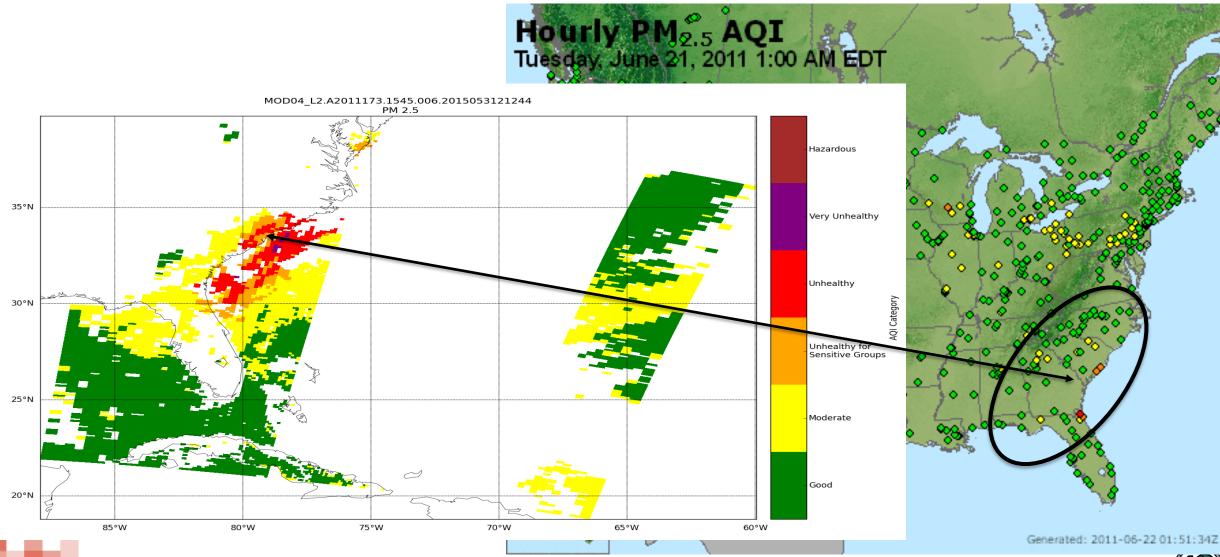
https://airnow.gov/index.cfm? action=airnow.calculator

```
#asks user if they want to set PM2.5 calculation parameters
    user_input=input('\nWould you like to enter a slope and intercept for PM 2.5 calculation?')
     if user_input == 'Y' or user_input == 'y':
         slope=input('Please enter a slope: ')
         intercept=input('Please enter an intercept: ')
                                                            Change the
         #if not, choose the following:
      slope=29.4
                                                            default slope &
         intercept=8.8
    valid_data=data*scale_factor
    pm25=float(slope)*valid_data+float(intercept)
                                                            intercept
110
111
    #Asks user if they would like to see a map
     is_map=input('\nWould you like to create a map of this data? Please enter Y or N \n')
    #if user would like a map, view it
    if is_map == 'Y' or is_map == 'y':
         #turn fillvalues to NaN
117
         data=pm25.astype(float)
         data[np.logical_and(data>=0,data <= 12)]=0
118
                                                                Change the air
         data[np.logical_and(data>12,data <= 35.4)]=1</pre>
         data[np.logical_and(data>35.4,data <= 55.4)]=2
120
121
         data[np.logical_and(data>55.4,data <= 150.4)]=3</pre>
                                                                quality categories
122
         data[np.logical and(data>150.4, data <= 250.4)]=4
123
         data[data>250.4]=5
         data[data < 0] = np.nan
         #create the map
         data = np.ma.masked_array(data, np.isnan(data))
         m = Basemap(projection='cyl', resolution='l', llcrnrlat=min_lat, urcrnrlat = max_lat, llcrnrlon=min_lon,
         m.drawcoastlines(linewidth=0.5)
         m.drawparallels(np.arange(-90., 120., 5.), labels=[1, 0, 0, 0])
         m.drawmeridians(np.arange(-180., 181., 5.), labels=[0, 0, 0, 1])
         x, y = m(longitude, latitude)
         my_cmap=LinearSegmentedColormap.from_list('mycmap', ['green','yellow','orange','red','purple','brown'],6
         m.pcolormesh(x, y, data,cmap=my_cmap)
         plt.clim(0,6)
         #create colorbar
136
         cb = m.colorbar()
137
         cb.set_label('AQI Category')
138
         cb.set_ticks([.5, 1.5,2.5,3.5,4.5,5.5]) # force there to be only 7 ticks
         cb.set_ticklabels(['Good', 'Moderate', 'Unhealthy for \nSensitive Groups', 'Unhealthy', 'Very Unhealthy', '
139
140
```

Application: Convert AOD into $PM_{2.5}$ & Air Quality Maps



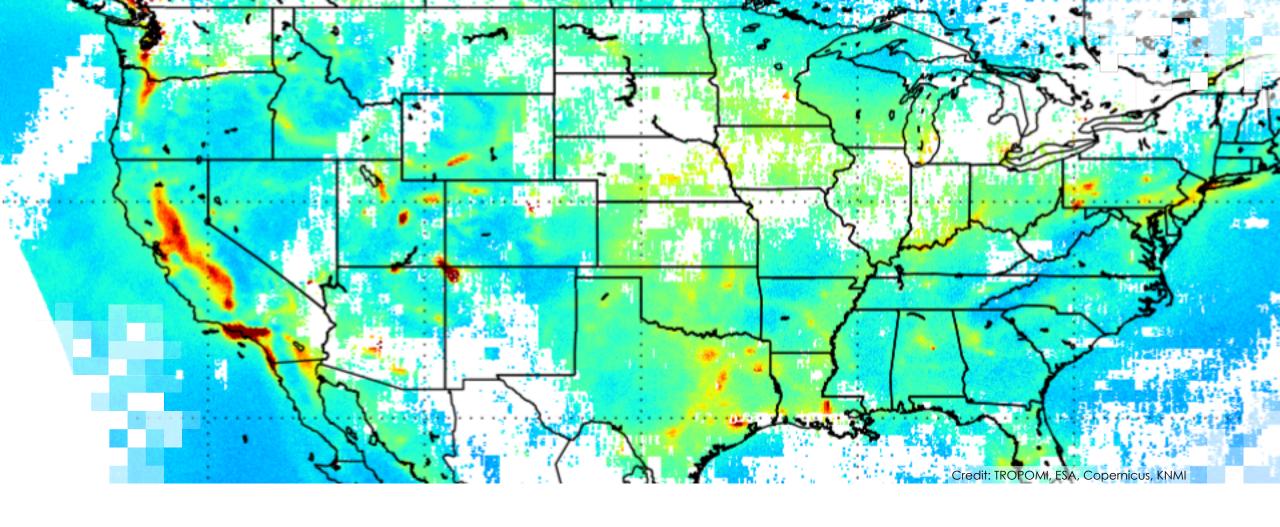
Application – Compare Satellite with Surface Maps



References

- Deep Blue Algorithm Website (https://deepblue.gsfc.nasa.gov/data)
- Dark Target Algorithm Website (https://darktarget.gsfc.nasa.gov/)
- MODIS Data Download (https://ladsweb.modaps.eosdis.nasa.gov/)





Questions?